AARANYAK URMI LIMITED

Directors' Report

Dear Members.

The Board of Directors (Board) presents the annual report of Aaranyak Urmi Ltd together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.

01. Financial results

(₹)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Revenue from operations	31,09,622	32,86,784
Other income	32,379	1,11,283
Total revenue	31,42,001	33,98,067
Profit before tax	1,24,583	(8,82,674)
Tax	38,551	(2,45,574)
Profit for the year	86,032	(6,37,100)

02. Performance

During 2022-23 the Company generated revenue from operations of ₹ 31,09,622. The Company has made profit of ₹ 86,032.

03. Dividend

The Board does not recommend any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

04. Conservation of energy, technology absorption , foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information required under Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, forms a part of this Report which is given as the Annexure.

05. Insurance

The Company has taken adequate insurance policies.

06. Risk Management

The Company has identified risks and has initiated a mitigation plan for the same.

07. Internal Financial Controls

The Management assessed the effectiveness of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2023, and the Board believes that the controls are adequate.

08. Fixed deposits

During 2022-23, the Company did not accept any fixed deposits.

09. Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013, the Company framed a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace and constituted Internal Complaints Committee. No complaint was received during 2022-23.

10. Loans, guarantees, investments and security

During 2022-23, the Company did not give any loans, provide guarantees or make investments.

11. Subsidiary, associate and joint venture company

The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture entities.

12. Related Party Transactions

All the transactions entered into with the Related Parties were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Details of such transactions are given at note number 22. No transactions were entered into by the Company which required disclosure in Form AOC-2.

13. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

14. Annual Return

Annual Return for 2022-23 is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company for inspection.

15. Auditors

G R Parekh & Co., Chartered Accountant were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 1st Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on July 16, 2018 until the conclusion of the 6th AGM. Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made

thereunder, the Company can reappoint G R Parekh & Co. for second term of five years. Accordingly, the Board recommends the reappointment of GR Parekh & Co. as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for second term of five years. GR Parekh & Co. will hold the office for a period of five consecutive years from the conclusion of the 6th AGM of the Company till the conclusion of the 11th AGM subject to the approval of the member(s) of the Company at the ensuing AGM. GR Parekh & Co. have given their consent to act as the Auditors and confirmed their eligibility for reappointment. The Auditor's Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The report is enclosed with the financial statements in this Director's report.

16. Directors' responsibility statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- 16.1 In preparation of the financial statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the applicable accounting standards were followed and there are no material departures.
- 16.2 The Accounting Policies were selected and applied consistently and judgements and estimates were made that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.
- 16.3 Proper and sufficient care was taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- 16.4 The attached annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2023 were prepared on a going concern basis.
- 16.5 Adequate Internal Financial Controls to be followed by the Company were laid down; and same were adequate and operating effectively.

16.6 Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and the same were adequate and operating effectively.

17. Directors

- 17.1 Appointments | Reappointments | Cessations
- 17.1.1 According to the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr Ajay Motee retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.
- 17.2 Policies on appointment and remuneration
 The Company will formulate policy on
 remuneration of Directors as and when it starts
 paying remuneration to the Directors. The
 Company appoints directors in accordance
 with the applicable provisions of the
 Companies Act, 2013.

18. Key Managerial Personnel and other employees

The provision of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

19. Board Meetings and Secretarial standards

The Board met four times during 2022-23. Secretarial standards as applicable to the Company were followed and complied with.

20. Analysis of remuneration

There is no employee who falls within the criteria provided in Sections 134(3)(q) and 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

21. Acknowledgements

The Board expresses its sincere thanks to all the stakeholders, regulatory and Government authorities for their support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Atul

April 11, 2023

Director

Director

Annexure to the Directors' Report

- 1. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo
- 1.1 Conservation of energy
- 1.1.1 Measures taken nil
- 1.2 Technology absorption

No major steps were taken during the current year.

1.3 Total foreign exchange used and earned - nil

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Aaranyak Urmi Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Aaranyak Urmi Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and which includes joint operation accounted on proportionate basis.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS")") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statement and our auditors report's thereon.

• Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

- In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, compare with the financial statements of the Joint Operation audited by us, to the extent it relates to joint operation and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The respective Board of Directors of the Company and the designated Proprietor of the Joint Operation are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other Comprehensive Income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company and its Joint Operation in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statementsas a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,

and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- b) Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Company and its joint operations to express an opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the Standalone Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, to the extent applicable that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company and its Joint Operation so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Companyand the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report inaccordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements:
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Company has not taken any loans or borrowing from financial institutions, banks and government.

- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order. The said order is not applicable to Joint Operation.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN: 23030530BGXAMK9854

Place: Atul

Date: 11 April 2023

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under "Report on Other legal and regulatory requirements" Section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause(i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of Aaranyak Urmi Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date. Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting is not applicable to the company's Joint Operation and hence it has not been subjected to the audit of its Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal Financial Controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of the Company except its Joint Operations based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal **financial** control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal financial control over financial reporting of the Company includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the assets of the Company that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal Financial Controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> Proprietor (Membership No. 030530)

UDIN: 23030530BGXAMK9854

Place: Atul

Date: 11 April 2023

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 2 under "Report on Other legal and regulatory requirements" section of our report of even date. In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (i) a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - B. As the Company does not hold intangible assets reporting under clause (i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) Based on our examination of the registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed (state any other relevant document which evidences title) provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of all the immovable properties, (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the Company) disclosed in the financial statements included in(property, plant and equipment, capital work-in progress and investment property and non-current assets held for sale)are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date..
 - d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- (ii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us the inventories (except for goods-in-transit), were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion and based on information and explanations given to us, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. For goods in transit the goods have been received subsequent to the year end or confirmations have been obtained from the parties. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories/alternate procedures performed as applicable, when compared with the books of account.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- (iii) The Company has not made investments in, provided guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.

- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) There are no dues of Goods and Service Tax or of Income Tax as on 31 March 2023 on account of disputes which have not been deposited.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix) The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not issued any of its securities (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not made preferential allotment or private placement (retain as applicable) of shares during the year.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of the holding, subsidiary or associate company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit but not in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, (Asset Liability Maturity (ALM) pattern) other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exist as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- (xxi) Since the company is not a holding company, no consolidated financial statements are prepared hence the reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

(G R Parekh)
Proprietor
(Membership No. 030530)
UDIN: 23030530BGXAMK9854

Place: Atul

Date: 11April 2023

Aaranyak Urmi Ltd Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

(₹ '000)

	Particulars	Note	As at	As at
			March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A AS	SETS			
1	Non-current assets			
a)	Property, plant and equipment	2	49.39	62.55
		ľ	49.39	62.55
b)	Other non-current financial asset	3	3.00	3.00
c)	Deferred tax asset		201.80	224.22
d)	Other non-current assets	4	0.02	38.84
Tot	al non-current assets		254.21	328.61
2	Current assets			
a)	Inventory	5	1,898.45	1,964.79
-	Financial assets			
,	i) Trade receivables	6	269.11	80.99
	ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	771.49	983.30
c)	Other current assets	4	357.31	291.34
	al current assets		3,296.36	3,320.42
Tot	al assets		3,550.57	3,649.02
B EQ	UITY AND LIABILITIES			
Eq	uity			
a)	Equity share capital	8	2,050.00	2,050.00
b)	Other equity		(933.22)	(1,019.26)
Tot	al equity		1,116.78	1,030.74
Lia	bilities			
1	Non-Current liabilities			
a)	Other non current financial liabilities	9	1,500.00	1,500.00
b)	Provisions	11	3.54	15.61
c)	Deferred tax liability			-
Tot	al Non current liabilities		1,503.54	1,515.61
2	Current liabilities			
a)	Financial liabilities			
	i) Trade payables			
	Total outstanding dues of			
	i) Micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	ii) Creditors other than micro enterprises and	10	020.00	102.67
	small enterprises	12	929.08	102.67
	iii)Other current financial liabilities	9	1.17	-
b)	Current borrowing	10	-	1,000.00
c)	Provisions		-	-
d)	Current tax liabilities (net)		-	-
Tot	al current liabilities		930.25	1,102.67
Tot	al liabilities		2,433.79	2,618.28
Tot	al equity and liabilities		3,550.57	3,649.02

The accompanying Notes 1-22 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Firm Registration Number: 131167W

G. R. Parekh

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530

Lalit Patni

Director

Apurva DuttaDirector

Valsad Atul

Aaranyak Urmi Ltd

Statement of Profit and Loss

for the period ended March 31, 2023

(₹ '000)

Particulars	Note	2022-23	2021-22
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	13	3,109.62	3,286.78
Other income	14	32.38	111.29
Total Income		3,142.00	3,398.07
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	15	1,813.20	3,757.10
Purchase of stock-in-trade		576.88	370.26
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and	16	251.26	(649.67)
stock in trade	10	251.20	(049.07)
Employee benefit expenses	17	183.96	187.55
Finance costs	18	33.54	53.04
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2	21.16	20.51
Other expenses	19	137.41	541.95
Total expenses		3,017.41	4,280.74
Profit before exceptional items and tax		124.59	(882.68)
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit before tax		124.59	(882.68)
Tax expense			
Current tax	20.1	16.13	(3.04)
Deferred tax	20.1	22.42	(242.53)
Total tax expense		38.55	(245.57)
Profit for the year		86.04	(637.10)
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income		86.04	(637.10)
Basic and diluted earning ₹per Equity share of ₹10 each	22.1	0.42	(3.11)

The accompanying Notes 1-22 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Lalit Patni

G. R. Parekh

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530

Director

Apurva Dutta

Director

Valsad

Atul

April 11, 2023

Aaranyak Urmi Ltd

Statement of changes in Equity for the period ended March 31, 2023

A. Equity share capital		(₹ '000)
Particulars Particulars	Notes	Amount
As at March 31, 2021		2,050
Changes in Equity share capital during the year		-
As at March 31, 2022		2,050
Changes in Equity share capital during the year		-
As at March 31, 2023	8	2,050

B. Other equity (₹ '						(₹ '000)	
			Reserves and surplus				
	Notes	Share application money pending allotment	Security premium	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total Other Equity	
As at March 31, 2021		-	-	-	(382.16)	(382.16)	
Profit up to March 31, 2022					(637.10)	(637.10)	
Total comprehensive income for the year			-	-	(637.10)	(637.10)	
As at March 31, 2022			-	-	(1,019.26)	(1,019.26)	
Profit up to March 31, 2023					86.04	86.04	
As at March 31, 2023	i	-	-	-	(933.22)	(933.22)	

The accompanying Notes 1-22 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Lalit Patni

G. R. Parekh

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530

Apurva Dutta

Director

Director

Valsad Atul

April 11, 2023

Cash Flow Statement

for the period ended March 31, 2023

(₹	'00	00)
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			(₹ '000)
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Α.	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before tax	124.59	(882.67)
	Adjustments for:		
	Add:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	21.16	20.51
	Finance costs	33.54	53.04
		54.70	73.55
		179.29	(809.12)
	Less:		
	Profit on sale of investment	-	45.49
		-	45.49
•••••	Operating profit before working capital changes	179.29	(854.61)
	Adjustments for:		
	(Increase) Decrease in inventory	66.34	(815.03)
	(Increase) Decrease in trade receivables	(188.12)	(32.84
	(Increase) Decrease in other current assets	(65.97)	(137.06)
	(Increase) Decrease in other non-current financial assets	38.81	-
	(Increase) Decrease in other non-current assets	-	(22.15
	Increase (Decrease) in trade payables	826.41	(207.13)
	Increase (Decrease) in other current financial liabilities	1.17	(1.81)
	Increase (Decrease) in Other non-current financial liability	-	1,000.00
	Increase (Decrease) in long-term provisions	(12.07)	12.53
		666.57	(203.49)
	Cash generated from operations	845.86	(1,058.09
	Less:		
	Direct taxes net of refund	16.13	(3.04)
	Net cash flow from operating activities A	829.73	(1,055.05)
В.	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Sale (Purchase) of tangible assets Changes in CWIP	(8.00)	(1.30
	Profit on redumption of investment	-	45.49
	Investments other	-	369.64
	Net cash used in investing activities B	(8.00)	413.83
C.	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Borrowing	(1,000.00)	1,000.00
	Interest paid	(33.54)	(53.04
	Net cash used in financing activities C	(1,033.54)	946.96
	Net change in cash and cash equivalents A+B+	(211.81)	305.73
	Opening balance - cash and cash equivalents	983.30	677.57
	Closing balance - cash and cash equivalents	771.49	983.30

The accompanying Notes 1-22 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Lalit Patni

Director

G. R. Parekh Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530

Apurva Dutta

Director

Valsad April 11, 2023 Atul

Aaranyak Urmi Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Background

Aaranyak Urmi Limited (the 'Company') is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. It is a wholly own subsidiary company of Atul Ltd (Ultimate Holding company). The Company is engaged in the business of Trading of Spice Powder, Pickles, Date Delight products etc. The registered office of the Company is located at East site, Atul Ltd, Atul, Valsad - 396020.

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

1 Basis of preparation:

The Financial Statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2 Revenue recognition:

a) Sale of goods & services:

Revenues are recognized at a point in time when control of the goods passes to the buyer, usually upon delivery of the goods to customers or freight carrier as per the terms of contract.

b) Revenue from services:

Revenue is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the Company expects to receive or receivable. Variable consideration like discounts given include rebates, price reductions and other incentives offered to customers are factored in the transaction price if it is highly probable that a significant reversal of revenue will not occur once associated uncertainties are resolved. Revenue exclude any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government which are levied on sales such as goods and services tax. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts and returns.

3 Employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of service such as salaries, wages, bonus, medical benifits, ex-gratia etc. are recognised in the year in which the employees render the related service. Termination benefits are recoanised as an expense as and when incurred.

Short-term leave encashment:

Short-term leave encashment is provided at undiscounted amount during the accounting period based on service rendered by employees.

4 Income taxes:

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the taxable income of the current period based on the applicable income tax rates adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Minimum Alternate Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid will be recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set off against the normal tax liability. Such an asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date .

Deferred income tax is provided in full, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of Goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit | (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5 Cash and cash equivalents:

In the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

6 Earnings per share:

Earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the EPS is the net profit for the period and any attributable tax thereto for the period.

7 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

8 Property, plant and equipment:

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred. Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method to allocate the cost of assets, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives.

Asset category

Estimated useful life

Office equipment and furniture

5 years

¹ The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the Management experts which are different from the useful life prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Act, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

The carrying amount of an asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount of the asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

9 Trade receivables:

Trade Receivables are recognised when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. These assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method where applicable, less provision for impairment based on expected credit loss.

10 Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

(₹ '000)

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment				
	Office			
	equipment	Total		
	and furniture			
Gross carrying amount				
As at March 31, 2021	106.75	106.75		
Additions	1.30	1.30		
Other adjustments	_	_		
Deductions and adjustments	_	_		
As at March 31, 2022	108.05	108.05		
Additions	8.00	8.00		
Other adjustments	_	-		
Deductions and adjustments	_	-		
As at March 31, 2023	116.05	116.05		
Depreciation Amortisation Impairment				
Depreciation Amortisation				
Upto March 31, 2021	24.99	24.99		
Up to March 31, 2022	20.51	20.51		
Deductions and adjustments	_	-		
Upto March 31, 2022	45.50	45.50		
Up to March 31, 2023	21.16	21.16		
Deductions and adjustments	_	-		
Up to March 31, 2023	66.67	66.67		
Net carrying amount		-		
As at March 31, 2022	62.55	62.55		
As at March 31, 2023	49.39	49.39		

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Note 3 Other financial assets		As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
		Current	Non current	Current	Non current
a)	Security deposits	-	3.00	-	3.00
b)	Derivative financial assets - forward exchange contracts	-	-	-	-
		-	3.00	-	3.00

(₹ '000)

Note 4 Other assets		As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Current	Non current	Current	Non current	
a) Balances with the Government department					
i) Tax paid under protest	-	-	-	-	
i) Tax paid in advance, net of provisions	-	0.02	-	38.84	
iii) GST receivable	346.92	-	280.17	-	
c) Others	10.39	-	11.16	-	
	357.31	0.02	291.34	38.84	

(₹ '000)

Note 5 Inventories		As at	As at
Note :	o inventories	March 31, 2023	
a)	RM WIP PM	1,495.72	1,310.80
b)	Finish goods	253.11	531.86
c)	Stock in trade	145.30	117.81
d)	Other	4.32	4.32
		1,898.45	1,964.79

(₹ '000)

Note 6 Trade receivables	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
a) Unsecured, considered good		
Trade receivables	269.11	80.99
ii) Related parties	-	-
Total receivables	269.11	80.99
Current portion	269.11	80.99
Non-current portion		

Trade receivables ageing

(₹ '000)

							((000)
No. Particulars				As at			
				March 31, 20	23		
	Not due	Less than 6	6 months-1	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	More than 3	Total
		months	year			years	
1 Undisputed trade receivables: considered good	59.78	195.23	5.76	8.34			269.11
2 Undisputed trade receivables: considered doubtful							-
3 Disputed trade receivables: considered good							-
4 Disputed trade receivables: considered doubtful							-

No	. Particulars	As at						
					March 31, 20	22		
		Not due	Less than 6	6 months-1	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	More than 3	Total
			months	year			years	
1	Undisputed trade receivables: considered good		65.03	9.17	6.79		-	80.99
2	Undisputed trade receivables: considered doubtful							-
3	Disputed trade receivables: considered good							-
4	Disputed trade receivables: considered doubtful							-

(₹ '000)

As at

As at

NOLE /	Cuan una cuan equivalenta	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a)	Balances with banks		
	In current accounts	760.95	977.47
b)	Cash on hand	10.54	5.83
		771.49	983.30

There are no repatriations restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior period.

(₹ '000)

Note 8 Equity share capital	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Authorised		
5,00,000 (5,00,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	5,000	5,000
	5,000	5,000
Issued		
2,05,000 (2,50,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,050	2,050
	2,050	2,050
Subscribed		
2,05,000 (2,50,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,050	2,050
	2,050	2,050

a) Movement in Equity share capital

(₹ '000)

	Number of shares	Equity share capital
As at March 31, 2021	2,05,000	2,050
As at March 31, 2022	2,05,000	2,050
As at March 31, 2023	2,05,000	2,050

b) Rights, preferences and restrictions:

The Company has one class of shares referred to as Equity shares having a par value of \nearrow 10.

i) Equity shares:

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts and Preference shares. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity shares held by the Shareholders.

Each holder of Equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% of Equity shares:

No	Name of the Shareholder	As at		As at	
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
		Holding %	Number of	Holding %	Number of
			shares		shares
1	Atul Finserve Ltd	100.00%	2,05,000	100.00%	2,05,000
		•		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

(₹ '000)

Note 9 Other financial liabilities		As	at	As at		
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022		
		Current	Non current	Current	Non current	
a)	Security deposits	-	1,500.00		1,500.00	
b)	Other	1.17	-	-	-	
		1.17	1,500.00	-	1,500.00	

Note 10 Borrowing Cu		As at March 31, 2023		at 31, 2022
		Non current		Non current
a) Loan from related parties	-	-	1,000.00	-
	_	-	1,000.00	_

(₹ '000)

As at As at

Others

3 Disputed dues – MSME4 Disputed dues – Others

Note 11 Provisions			March 3	31, 2023	March	March 31, 2022	
11 11000000			Current	Non current	Current	Non current	
Provision for leave entitlement			-	3.54	-	15.61	
			-	3.54	-	15.61	
						(₹ '000)	
Note 12 Trade payables			As March 3		•	s at 31, 2022	
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and sr				-		-	
b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than mici) Related party	ro enterprises and small enter	rprises		-		-	
ii) Others				929.08	102.6		
				929.08		102.67	
Trade payable ageing						(₹ '000	
No. Particulars			Ä	As at			
			March	31, 2023			
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	More than 3 years	Total	
1 MSME							
2 Others	769.01	154.45	5.62	-		929.08	
3 Disputed dues – MSME							
4 Disputed dues – Others				<u> </u>			
No. Particulars				As at			
			March	31, 2022			
	Not due	Less than 1	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	More than 3	Total	
		year			years		
1 MSME							

90.87

8.55

3.25

102.67

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(₹ '000)
Note 13 Revenue from operations	2022-23	2021-22
Sale of products	3,109.62	3,286.7
Sale of services	3,109.62	3,286.78
	.4	
Note 14 Other income	2022-23	(₹ '000) 2021-22
Dividend on short-term investments		
Interest from others	2.45	
Profit on sale of long-term investment	2.43	
Profit on redemption of investment	_	45.4
Miscellaneous income	29.93	65.8
wiscend record income	32.38	111.2
		/ = 1000
Note 15 Cost of Material consumed	2022.22	(₹ '000
	2022-23	2021-22
Cost of goods sold	1,813.20	3,757.1
	1,813.20	3,757.10
	.,	(₹ '000
Note 16 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock	2022-23	2021-22
Stocks at close Finished goods	398.41	649.6
rinisnea goods		
Less: Stocks at commencement	649.67	
Finished goods	049.07	
11113164 90043		
(Increase) Decrease in Stocks	251.26	(649.6
		(₹ '000
Note 17 Employee benefit expenses	2022-23	2021-22
Salaries, wages and bonus	183.96	187.5
Staff welfare	-	
Staff welfare Staff welfare	183.96	187.5
Staff welfare Staff welfare	-	
Staff welfare Note 18 Finance costs	-	
	183.96	(₹ '000 2021-22
Note 18 Finance costs	183.96 2022-23	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0
Note 18 Finance costs	183.96 2022-23 33.54	187.59 (₹ '000) 2021-22 53.04 53.04
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings	183.96 2022-23 33.54	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0- 53. 0-
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses	2022-23 33.54 33.54	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0- 53.0- (₹ '000
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings	2022-23 33.54 33.54	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.04 (₹ '000
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.04 (₹ '000
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.04 (₹ '000
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.04 (₹ '000
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0- (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 -	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 -	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 -	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 -	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery	2022-23 33.54 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 -	(₹ '0000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '0000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges	2022-23 33.54 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 25.77	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9 89.2
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges Seminar and Training expense	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 - 25.77 4.00 - 1	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9 89.2 1.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges Seminar and Training expense Sales Promotion Expense	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 - 25.77 4.00 - 8.13	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0- (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9 89.2 1.0 100.5
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges Seminar and Training expense Sales Promotion Expense Rounding Off	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 - 25.77 4.00 - 1	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0- (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9 89.2 1.0 100.5 (0.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges Seminar and Training expense Rounding Off Sales Commission	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 - 25.77 4.00 - 8.13 (0.01)	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 18.1 0.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9 89.2 1.0 100.5 (0.0)
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Electricity Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges Seminar and Training expense Sales Commission Transport Charges	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22 10.7 47.4 21.4 3.1 3.6 29.6 16.3 2.0 13.0 17.5 58.9 89.2 1.0 100.5 (0.0
Note 18 Finance costs Interest on borrowings Note 19 Other expenses Payment to the Statutory Auditors a) Audit fees b) Tax matters c) Other matters Bank Charges Repair & Maintenance Courier Charges Safety Expense E-filing Expenses Electricity Expense Hundi & Stamp Paper Expenses Internet Expense Lease Rent Paid Licence Fees Miscellaneous Exp Telephone expense Testing & Analysis charges Printing & Stationery Professional fees / Consultancy charges Seminar and Training expense Rounding Off Sales Commission	2022-23 33.54 33.54 2022-23 11.00 - - 9.66 6.40 5.01 3.60 2.50 17.27 - 3.47 13.00 - 1.80 - 25.77 4.00 - 8.13 (0.01)	(₹ '000 2021-22 53.0 53.0 (₹ '000 2021-22

Note 20.1 : Current and Deferred tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are:

a) Income tax expense

		(₹ '000)
	March 31,	March 31,
	2023	2022
Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	16.13	(3.04)
Total current tax expense	16.13	(3.04)
Deferred tax		
(Decrease) increase in deferred tax liabilities		
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets	22.42	(242.53)
Total deferred tax expense (benefit)	22.42	(242.53)
Income tax expense	38.55	(245.57)

- b) No deferred tax has been recorded for recognised in other comprehensive income during the years
- c) No aggregate amounts of current and deferred tax have arisen in the reporting periods which have not been recognised in net profit or loss or other comprehensive income but directly debited| (credited) to equity

d) Current tax liabilities		(₹ '000)
	March 31,	March 31,
	2023	2022
Opening balance	-	-
Add: Current tax payable for the year	16.13	(3.04)
Less: Taxes paid	(16.13)	3.04
Closina balance	-	-

Note 20.2 : Employee benefit obligations

(₹ '000)

	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022				
	Current	Current	Current	Current N	Current Non-	Current	Non-Current
	Current	Current	Current	Non-Current			
Leave entitlement	-	3.54	-	15.61			
Gratuity	-	-	-	-			
Other employee benefits	-	-	-	-			
Total employee benefit obligations	-	3.54	-	15.61			

Note 21: Related party Information

a) Subsidiaries

me of	the Related Party and description of relationship:	
No	Name of the Related Party	
	Party where control exists	
1	Atul Ltd	Holding Company
	Parties under common control	
1	Aasthan Dates Ltd	
2	Amal Ltd	
3	Amal Speciality Ltd ¹	
4	Anchor Adhesives Pvt Ltd	
5	Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd	
6	Atul Aarogya Ltd	
7	Atul Ayurveda Ltd	
8	Atul Bio Space Ltd	
9	Atul Bioscience Ltd	
10	Atul Brasil Quimicos Ltda	
11	Atul China Ltd	
12	Atul Clean Energy Ltd	
13	Atul Crop Care Ltd	
14	Atul Deutschland GmbH	
15	Atul Entertainment Ltd	
16	Atul Europe Ltd	
17	Atul Fin Resources Ltd	
18	Atul Finserv Ltd	
19	Atul Hospitality Ltd	
20	Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd ¹	
21	Atul Ireland Ltd	
22	Atul Lifescience Ltd	Subsidiary company of Holding company
23	Atul Middle East FZ-LLC	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
24	Atul Natural Dyes Ltd	
25	Atul Natural Foods Ltd	
26	Atul Nivesh Ltd	
27	Atul Polymers Products Ltd	
28	Atul Products Ltd	
29	Atul Rajasthan Date Palms Ltd ¹	
30	Atul Renewable Energy Ltd	
31	Atul Seeds Ltd	
32	Atul USA Inc	
33	Biyaban Agri Limited	
34	DPD Ltd ¹	
35	· i	
	Gujarat Synthwood Ltd ²	
36	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	
37	Atul Consumer Products Ltd	
38	Osia Dairy Ltd	
39	Osia Infrastructure Ltd	
40	Sehat Foods Ltd	
41	Atul Paints Ltd	
42	Atul Lifescience Ltd	
43	Valsad Institute of Medical Science	
44	Raja Dates Ltd	I high control and a fall that the last
45	Rudolf Atul Chemicals Ltd	Joint venture company of ultimate holding company
46	Anaven LLP	Joint Operation

Note 21 (B) Transactions with Related Parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Transactions with Ultimate Holding Company		
Purchase of goods	125.52	237.42
Lease rent	1.00	4.33
Sales of goods (incl. reimbursement of exp of Rs.10,202 as per Atul Ltd)	98.00	89.89
Reimbursement of expenses	1.80	8.33
Transaction with holding company		
Repayment of Ioan Taken from Atul Finserv Ltd	1,000.00	
Interest paid to Atul Finserv Ltd	33.54	
Transactions with Subsidiaries company of Ultimate holding company	-	-
Purchase of goods from Raja Dates Ltd	1.35	
Purchase of goods from Atul Bio space Ltd	7.20	4.02

Note 21 (C) Transactions with Related Parties

(₹ '000)

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade payables (purchases of goods and services)		
Ultimate Holding company	29.94	
Payable to Atul Bio Space Ltd	6.45	
Payable to Raja Dates Ltd	1.35	
Entities controlled by key management personnel		
Total	37.74	-
Trade receivables Advances paid (for sale Purchase of goods and services) Ultimate Holding company Entities over which significant influence exercised	32.71	1.08
Total	32.71	1.08

Terms and conditions

The sales to and purchases from related parties were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at prevail market prices or where market price is not available, at cost + margin.

Note 22.1 Earning per share

Earning per share (EPS) - The numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted EPS:

Particulars		2022-23	2021-22
Profit for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders	₹	86.04	(637.10)
Basic Weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year	Number	2,05,000	2,05,000
Nominal value of Equity share	₹	10	10
Basic and diluted Earning per Equity share	₹	0.42	(3.11)

Sr.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	%	Reason for variance
No				2023	2022	Variance	
a)	Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	3.54	3.01	18%	
b)	Debt-equity ratio	Debt	Equity	0.00	0.97	-100%	
c)	Debt service coverage ratio	Net operating income	Interest cost	4.20	-10.62	-140%	
d)	Return on equity ratio	PAT	Avg. share holders equity	0.08	-0.47	-117%	
e)	Invenotry turnover ratio	Net sales	Avg. inventory	1.61	2.11	-24%	
f)	Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net sales	Avg. receivables	17.76	50.90	-65%	
g)	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net purchase	Avg. payables	1.87	1.27	47%	
h)	Net capital turnover ratio	Net sales	Avg. working capital	1.36	1.67	-19%	
i)	Net profit ratio	PAT	Net sales	2.77	-19.38	-114%	
j)	Return on capital employed	PBIT	Capital employed	13.46	-61.07	-122%	
k)	Return on investment						

Note 22.2 Regrouped | Recast | Reclassified

Figures of the earlier year have been regrouped | recast | reclassified wherever necessary.

Note 22.3 Other statutory information (required by schedule III to the Companies ACT, 2013)

- a) The Company has not entered into any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- c) The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- d) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- e) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made there under.
- No loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) either severally or jointly with any other person.
- h) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- i) Information with regards to other matters in the Companies Act are either Nil or Not applicable to the Company.

Note 22.4 Rounding off

Figure less than ₹ 500 have been shown as '0.00' in the relevant notes in these Financial Statement.

Note 22.5 Authorisation for issue of Financial Statements

Ther Financial Statements were authorised for issue by Board of Directors on April 11, 2023

As per our attached report of even date **For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.** Firm Registration Number: 131167W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Lalit PatniDirector

G. R. Parekh

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530

Apurva Dutta
Director

Valsad

Atul